

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, March 13.

Mr. J. E. Herald, president of the East Capitol bank of this city, a rich man who owns some land near Huntley's Chapel, in Alexandria county, is in earnest in his proposition to give the land and erect a \$200,000 court house for that county, provided the site be on his land. The supervisors of the county will take the matter under consideration and determine whether they have authority to accept the offer.

Judge Nowlin, who once edited a newspaper in Virginia and was subsequently assistant postmaster of the U. S. House of Representatives, says he has experienced the vanity and vexation of politics and realized that there is nothing true but heaven. He is now connected with a Christian mission in this city, and says his conscience is clear and he sleeps the sleep of the just.

People from Pennsylvania here today say the recent reported tally of the legislature of that State in respect of the next republican Presidential nomination was taken by an enemy of Senator Cameron, and that the feeling in their State is largely in favor of Mr. Cameron and silver, and is rapidly increasing.

Among the strange cases at the Capitol today was Judge Waddill, ex-republican congressman from the Richmond, Virginia, district. The Judge said he was here on private business, but had seen General Mahone last night. He said he wasn't taking much interest in politics now, but he supposed that all parties interested in having fair elections in his State would be represented at the coming conference in Richmond.

The papers of the contestant in another of the contested election cases from Virginia have been received by the clerk of the House, those of Cornett vs. Swanson, the other two being those of Yost vs. Tucker and Thorp vs. McKenney. None of them show that the contestants received a majority of the votes cast.

The largest crowd ever assembled in the U. S. Supreme Court room was there this morning, to hear the closing speech in the income tax case delivered by Mr. Choate. Among the present were Judge Waddill of Richmond and Mr. Morgan Beach of Alexandria, the latter remarking to a friend that it was well to be there, as apparent interest in the case implied liability to the tax. Mr. Choate asserted that the tax upon real estate, the rents and incomes therefrom was a direct tax, and that the members of the constitutional convention had them in mind as a subject of direct tax when they used that term. There had been three periods of direct taxation in 1792, when trouble with France was apprehended; during the war of 1812; and in the war of the rebellion. The first was emblematic of all—it was a direct tax upon real estate, not naked land, as Mr. Carter had contended, but upon houses and lands, productive and unproductive alike.

The New Orleans riot having been made an international affair by the shooting of an Englishman, in reply to an enquiry from the State Department, a dispatch from Governor Foster of Louisiana was received at that department today, to the effect that vigorous steps are being taken by the municipal and State authorities to prevent a recurrence of violence and to afford full protection to life, property and commerce; that the crews of vessels are in no danger; that the identity of the shot man was not known, and that the grand jury is now investigating the whole matter.

Mr. Frank Hume, of Alexandria county, has returned from Yale College, where he witnessed a surgical operation upon his son, a student there, who is now almost well and will soon be home. The abdomen was cut open by a long incision, and what is known as the vermiform appendix, a short worm like blind sac attached to the bowels, which had become diseased, was removed.

There is a current rumor here to the effect that among the first of the President's official acts on his return will be the removal of Taylor, the negro recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia, and the appointment of Mr. Lawrence Gardner, secretary of the national democratic committee, to the place.

Little news can be obtained from the Treasury Department now, but there are rumors to the effect that owing to the wording of the last gold loan contract, some of the gold received is of light weight.

The Italian government called at the State Department today for an explanation of the lynching of four Italians in Colorado yesterday.

THE ROBERT EDWARDS HEIRS.—The true and direct heirs of Robert Edwards are now residing in the counties of Lancaster and Northumberland, and also near Norfolk, and but for them being Virginians, slow to action, would have had the property in possession long ago. The principal heirs are the Balls and Edwards of those sections. Robert Edwards left his home at Swanfield, Lancaster county, went to New York, took up land and leased it for ninety-nine years about the year 1770, and having died without heirs, his property goes to his nephew's heirs, Colonel Leroy Edwards and Griffin Edwards. Col. Leroy Edwards was of Revolutionary fame; a man of prominence in his county, where his descendants still reside.

THE BULL TOOK THE JACKPOT.—Fourteen young men, of Watessing, N. J., were routed on Sunday by a bull. To enjoy the fine weather the young men went to John Noll's field to indulge in a game of whisky poker. They spread newspapers on the ground to sit on, and with a square of cardboard for a table, they soon became interested in the game. One of the young men looked up and saw bearing down upon the party Mr. Noll's bull. They dropped their cards, left the jackpot and scattered for the nearest fence. As they tumbled over the fence the bull came to the opposite side and commenced to tear up the sod in anger. Then it turned and eased its fury by trampling the newspapers, cards, jackpot and all.

Court of Appeals Yesterday. National Life Assurance vs. Marye, Auditor, further argued and submitted. Payne vs. Smith and others. Penna. Zinc and Iron Co. vs. Sumner, and People's Mutual Life Stock Co. vs. Marye, Auditor, (motions) Continued. Shepherd's administrator, vs. Chapman's administrator; argued, and continued.

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company of New York city, yesterday filed with the Secretary of State, in Albany, a certificate of increase of its capital stock to \$12,000,000. The amount of capital of the company actually paid in is \$7,500,000, and the whole amount of its debts and liabilities is \$3,019,005.



WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAR. 13, 1895.

THAT THE civil service law, as executed under the present administration, is not only a grotesque, but a provoking humbug, has always been known to every well informed American. How a democratic Congress could vote away the people's money to support the republican commission created by that law, passes democratic comprehension. Of the 17,599 federal employees in Washington, less than ten per cent. are democrats, and only 3,265 have passed competitive examinations successfully, while 5,610 have from one to nine relatives in the Government's service. The law provides that all the employees shall be elected by fair competitive examinations and that only one member of a family shall hold office. The law is one thing, but its execution is another.

THE LABOR riot in New Orleans is regrettable throughout the entire South, and is comparatively a new thing in this section. Such riots have heretofore been almost entirely restricted to the North. Under the law, the negro's rights are as sacred as those of the white man, and every man, black or white, has the natural, as well as the legal right to work for his living. The mortality of the mob doesn't compare with that of many of the Northern mobs, but, for all that, its leaders should be made to feel the enormity of their crime, and unless New Orleans reverses her past history they will. Law and order must be preserved, or the coming anarchy will soon be at hand.

ONE of the glaring crimes of omission of the late democratic Congress was its failure to reduce the salaries of every body engaged in the Government's service. Those salaries were set when money was plentiful and the price of everything was high; now the exact reverse obtains, money being scarce and the price of every thing people have to buy being low. The cost of living now is not half as much as it was then, and as wages and every thing else have been reduced, there is no good reason why Government salaries should not be also, and those who receive them take pot luck with their fellow citizens.

THE QUESTION of restoring to the people of the District of Columbia the privilege of suffrage has again been raised there. As not one-third of those people have any material interest in the welfare of the District, the question should, in accordance with justice, of course be decided in the negative. But as most of them are from the North, and are republicans, and as all the districts in the South have had negro suffrage forced upon them, the people of the latter would not regret an affirmative decision. What is sauce for the goose should be sauce for the gander.

THERE is no "pent up Utica" about ex-Governor Foraker's desires in respect of national territorial acquisitions, provided they be islands. He says "I believe that we ought to take under our flag every island that possesses advantages." He would have, not only Hawaii and Cuba, but Ireland, and as England and Scotland form an island, of course take them in too. There is nothing small about Mr. Foraker, except himself and his detected attempts to cheat and bribe at elections, when he is a candidate.

SOME of the South-hating newspapers of New York that either sustained or had nothing to say against the strikers and their abettors, among the leaders of whom were negroes, who were stoning, cutting and shooting the white men who had taken their places in Brooklyn recently, are now denouncing the white strikers in New Orleans who have shot the negroes who took their places. But neither law, justice nor equity can stand against the prejudice of a Northern South-hater.

GOVERNOR WERTS of New Jersey is wiser than the legislature of that State, as he has vetoed a bill that provided for an elective judiciary there. An elective legislature, with unrestricted suffrage, makes a travesty of law, but with judges elected by such suffrage, justice would gather up her skirts and flee the country.

RULES WILL NOT BE EXTENDED.—The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Appeal says: For sometime past there has been much written in the newspapers about the civil service rules being extended to the internal revenue service. It will no doubt be unpleasant news to the "ins" to hear that this will not be done. I learn this from a gentleman who is in a position to know something of the plan of the administration. Collector Ryan, when seen, admitted that he had heard the report, but he did not care to discuss it. It is likely that the president after giving the subject careful consideration saw that it would not be well to take from the collectors authority to make removals when collectors have to give heavy bonds for the proper conduct of the affairs of their office.

Gov. Marvil, of Delaware, is reported better to-day.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The lighthouse tender Violet, with President Cleveland on board, started from North Carolina yesterday evening for Washington.

It is rumored that Mr. William C. Whitney, ex-Secretary of the Navy, and Miss Joanna Davidge, of New York, are to be married in June next.

It is stated that Lord Rosebery, owing nominally to the present state of his health, has determined to place his resignation in the Queen's hands.

All the miners entombed in the Sultan gold mine, at Cat Portage, Manitoba, have been rescued. All recovered except Randolph Erickson.

In the Pennsylvania House yesterday the bill making it a misdemeanor to wear any religious garb by a public school teacher was passed by a vote of 151 to 26.

Reports received by the Spanish authorities from Cuba stated that there were dissensions in the ranks of the insurgents.

The remains of Ismail Pasha, ex-Khedive of Egypt, who died recently at Constantinople, were conveyed yesterday to the Rifa mosque, in Cairo, where they were interred with much pomp.

In the Methodist conference, which adjourned in Baltimore yesterday, there was lively discussion on the question of individual communion cups, but nothing was done in the way of official action.

Two or three days ago Deputy Sheriff Hixon was murdered at Walsenburg, Col., by several Italian coal-miners. Hixon being a very popular man, the feeling among other miners and citizens grew to fever heat, and at the close of the inquest, as the prisoners were being marched to jail, a mob made a rush for them, and before the sheriff and his deputies could raise a hand to protect them the bodies of the four Italians and another man were riddled with bullets.

The terms of the peace treaty about to be concluded between China and Japan are known almost to exactness in diplomatic circles because of the part Ministers Dun and Denby have taken in the negotiations. The island of Formosa will be ceded to Japan, Corea made independent, a cash indemnity of \$250,000,000 paid by China and Port Arthur and Wei-Hai-Wei retained for a term of years. A dispatch from Shanghai says that high Japanese circles are sceptical as to the prospects of ending the war with China.

Honolulu advices to March 5th have been received. There is nothing startling going on on the island. The ex-Queen who has been sentenced to five years imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$5,000, is still confined in the room of the executive building. Just what is to be done with Liliuokalani, is a question which the government has not yet answered. Certain it is that she will not be kept in the executive building for five years or placed in the Oahu prison. Undoubtedly before the end of the month some proposition will be received from the ex-Queen's representatives whereby she will take up her residence on one of the islands, or leave the country, doubtless to go to England. She has a private income of about \$10,000 a year, which will not be interfered with by the government.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Katie Sales, colored, the oldest resident of Fredericksburg, died Sunday, in her 100th year.

Mrs. Henrian Davis died at Lynchburg yesterday from the effects of an injury received by being run over by a trolley car.

Benjamin F. Groves, a prominent resident and member of the Charlottesville city council, died yesterday of pneumonia.

Among the patents recorded yesterday was one to John W. Sprunt assignor of one-half to L. B. Boyce, &c., thill coupling.

James Hill Conway Myers, better known as "Conny" Myers, a well-known young man, who for several years past has been connected with various minstrel and dramatic enterprises, died in Richmond yesterday.

Mr. W. R. Meredith, president of the Richmond Chapter University Alumni Association, has received a letter from Hon. Wm. L. Wilson, Postmaster General, accepting the invitation to attend the alumni banquet to be given in Richmond on April 17th.

H. O. Williams, State Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, has tendered his resignation to take effect October 1, after which time he will be connected with the International Association, whose headquarters are in New York, and will be engaged in railroad association work in the South as an organizer.

LETTER FROM CULPEPER.

(Correspondence of Alexandria Gazette.)

MITCHELLS, Va., March 11.—The eclipse of the moon last night, from a view which we had of it in this immediate neighborhood, was accompanied by what we regard as a very remarkable phenomenon. At 7:15 o'clock p. m. the moon being about one hour high, and the clouds running from southwest to northeast, and when between two quite heavy and dark ones, there appeared a bright golden colored belt enveloping the moon and extending from the cloud above to the one below, and gradually fading away in an hour, by which time the eclipse began to display itself on the moon's surface, and when at its grandest the roosters uttered three and only three shrill and distinct notes or crows.

Mad dogs in the Hudson Mill neighborhood have been inculcating hogs and cattle to a considerable extent lately, entailing serious losses to owners of the stock.

Pneumonia, influenza and the grip have been quite prevalent since the weather has moderated.

A colored family of man, wife and nine children, with a pair of oxen and three hounds, started into this winter with less than nothing to eat comparatively; still they come through hale and hearty and without outside help of any kind. Such is life to the country poor.

The democratic ticket was successful in yesterday's election at Cape May, N. J.

DIED.

On Wednesday morning, March 13, 1895, at a lingering illness, Mrs. LUCY A. ARMSTRONG, widow of the late John T. Armstrong, aged eighty years. Her funeral will take place from the residence of her son, A. W. Armstrong, 611 Prince street, Alexandria, Va., at 4 o'clock Friday evening, March 15. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

LONDON, March 13.—The government has ordered a gunboat to prevent a large steamer which is now lying at Gravesend from leaving British waters. There is a Japanese naval officer on board the steamer, but he will not say where the vessel is destined.

PARIS, March 13.—As a result of the refusal of the owners of the great match factories at Pantin and Aubervilliers to accede to the demands of their employees for increased wages, etc., the labor union has ordered the employees of all the match factories in France to cease work at noon to-day.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 13.—A dispatch from Tien-Tsin says conditions to be imposed upon China by Japan for the conclusion of peace include the cession of Manchuria as far north as Moukden and the Great Wall.

TRIESTE, March 13.—A phenomenal high tide in the Gulf of Trieste flooded the streets in the lower part of the city at 8 o'clock last evening, submerging the floors of theatres, cafe shops etc., to the depth of three feet or more. All of these resorts were vacated by the public, many of whom were taken home in boats. The flood receded at one o'clock this morning.

Quiet at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Mar. 13.—Everything is quiet on the levee front this morning and no further outbreak has occurred since yesterday. The only steamers being loaded here, however, are those belonging to domestic lines, the work on which is being done by white and colored laborers the same as usual. Governor Foster is still in the city and the militia are under arms in the various armories ready for duty at a moment's notice.

At a meeting of the council of commercial bodies last night, an address was adopted in which they declare they are determined that the commerce of the city must and shall be protected; that every man who desires to perform honest labor must and shall be permitted to do so regardless of race, color or previous condition.

Tug Overturned.

NEW YORK, March 13.—While the Ward line steamer Seneca, which arrived this morning from Havana, was making her dock shortly after 11 o'clock, assisted by the tug M. P. Starbuck, the latter was suddenly overturned while pushing on the bow of the Seneca, and all hands were thrown into the river. The tug C. P. Raymond picked up the fireman, mate and cook and the tug E. H. Coffin picked up Capt. Joseph Brundow, of the Staruck, and he was taken to the Battery and the Marine Hospital doctor was at once called to aid in his resuscitation, but he lived but a few moments. Capt. Brundow was 72 years of age and had followed the sea for 42 years.

Lawless Miners.

ROUSE JUNCTION, Col., Mar. 13.—A war of extermination has begun in the Walsenburg district, where the Italian miners are in a majority. The reports that a party of Italians in charge of deputy sheriffs, had been ambushed and killed by American miners are conflicting but are believed to be true. It is stated that nine men were killed. Governor McIntyre will send all the national guards, if necessary, to preserve order and enforce the law.

Cold Weather Anticipated.

CHICAGO, March 13.—The local weather bureau this morning gives out the following special bulletin: A severe cold wave is indicated for the next two or three days with temperature near zero in Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Michigan and Wisconsin.

NO BALD-HEADED RICH MAN FOR HER.—In a spirit of fun, pretty Lizzie Hutchinson, of Chester, Pa., answered a matrimonial advertisement. A reply came, signed William Harrison Ainsworth, dated California, and a glowing account of the climate and beauty of that State was given. On the heels of the letter came a photograph of a handsome young man. Miss Hutchinson soon became the envy of her girl friends, who were all allowed a peep at the picture.

By the romance was soon crushed. The alleged Mr. Ainsworth went to Chester, registered at a hotel, and looked up Miss Hutchinson, who declined there and then to become his bride and go to the Golden State. Ainsworth entreated, but the young lady was firm, and the wooing groom left Chester, hopping mad, but a wiser man.

Speaking of the affair, Miss Hutchinson said: "He said he was young, but he is bald-headed and stoop-shouldered. I don't want that kind of a man when I get married."

A RISE IN WHEAT.—A wild time in the Chicago wheat pit yesterday accompanied a jump in prices of three cents a bushel. The excitement surpassed anything seen on the Board of Trade for a month. Quotations went up with a rush that took both the breath and the money away from those caught on the wrong side of the market. The government crop report was at the bottom of the bulge. For thirty days past there had been the widest range of speculation among authorities in the trade as to the amount of wheat the "reserve" would be—that is, last year's crop still in first farmers' hands. Last year at this time it was 114,000,000 bushels, or 28.3 of the whole. For six years the percentage has ranged between 22 and 32 per cent. Official figures came out Monday night making the reserve only 75,000,000 bushels, or 16.3 per cent. This in itself was phenomenal and knocked endwise the general expectation that it would be anywhere from 120,000,000 to 130,000,000.

WILL HAVE IT OVER AGAIN.—The resignation of J. C. Black as congressman from the Tenth Georgia district was yesterday accepted by Governor Atkinson, who will at an early day call an election to fill the vacancy. This is the district represented in the Fifty-second Congress by Tom Watson, populist. In 1892 Black defeated Watson, and in the last election again contested the district. Black was elected on the face of the returns, but, frauds being charged on both sides, he has resigned, and the race will be run over again, this time under a new and strict registration law passed by the last General Assembly.

Ex-State Treasurer Taylor, of South Dakota, who is a defaulter to the amount of \$365,000, has been arrested at Vera Cruz, Mex.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

There is no change in the Delaware Senatorial deadlock.

The wife of ex-United States Senator Henry B. Payne died yesterday at her home in Cleveland, O., aged 77 years.

The American Bell Telephone Company to-day declared its regular dividend of \$3 per share quarterly payable April 15. No extra.

The "greater Pittsburg" bill passed the Pennsylvania Senate to-day with only one negative vote, that of Senator Steal, of Allegheny.

Elections were held in a large number of small towns in Minnesota yesterday, license carrying nearly every place where the liquor question was an issue.

Charles A. Sturges, the head book-keeper and cashier for Proctor and Gamble, soap manufacturers, of Cincinnati, is a defaulter and a fugitive from justice.

The steamship Teutonic which sailed this morning from New York for Liverpool had on board Mrs. Wm. K. Vanderbilt, her daughter, Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, and one son.

Four brothers named Lloyd were arrested yesterday at St. Louis on the charge of forging recommendations of wealthy society ladies of that city to help them to dispose of a souvenir annual.

John Mulligan, a negro, was hanged at Oklahoma City, O. T., to-day for the murder in November, 1893, of Gabe Clark and his wife, colored, with whom he lived.

The arguments in the trial of Goodman at Charlottesville, Va., for the murder of Col. Parsons were continued far into last night and were resumed to-day and are still in progress.

A six story brick building on south Fifth avenue, New York, occupied as a manufactory of steam heating apparatus and electrical supplies, was burned early this morning, causing a loss of \$100,000.

The Santa Fe, Prescott and Phoenix Railway was formally opened its entire distance, yesterday. Phoenix, Ariz., being the capital of the Territory, was made the center of a celebration on the happy event.

Massachusetts Legislators have instituted an inquiry as to why the mills go south and what advantages are to be gained. The reasons are cheaper fuel, and less taxation, while the cost of living for operators is less.

The Boyden Power Brake Company has decided that an appeal will be taken from the decision rendered by Judge Morrison in Baltimore, Monday, in favor of the Westinghouse Air Brake Company in the suit brought by that company against the Boyden Company for alleged infringement of a patented brake mechanism. The appeal will be heard by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

TRAMWAY OVER NIAGARA.—A dispatch from Lockport, N. Y., says: Attorney George W. Pound, one of the directors of the Aerial Tramway Company, has sent to Albany a bill authorizing his company to erect a tower and landing place in the State Reservation Park for the use of a scheme which will be one of the engineering triumphs of the age. A similar one has been obtained with reference to Queen Victoria Park, from the Canadian government. Leading Canadian politicians are interested in the enterprise.

The company proposes to carry tourists across the Niagara river over the brink of the cataract and thirty feet above the raging waters. A double set of cables will be stretched from the towers in the Canadian and American parks, with a supporting tower on Goat Island. On these cables cage-like cars will be suspended by trolleys and operated by electricity from the American shore.

The aerial line will follow along the brink of the American Falls to Goat Island, and thence to the Canadian shore, forming a cord to the bow of the Horse Shoe Falls. The cars will be of steel, and the cables the best manufactured. The floors of the cars will be perforated to allow visitors to look below, and the side views will also be unobstructed.

If the bill just sent to the New York legislature becomes a law, expert engineers will be engaged to superintend the construction. The projectors claim that the aerial tramway line will be as safe as the suspension bridges themselves. Each cable will be independent of the other, and sufficient to sustain ten times the weight of the cars and passengers. The electrical engineer will be able to stop and start the car anywhere on the line. The bill has powerful friends in the legislature, it is said, and New York will probably follow Canada in giving requisite grants.

BRIDE OF A NIGHT DIES.—A girl who had been a bride only twelve hours died at Copley, Pa., Sunday, leaving a bereaved young husband of seventeen. On Saturday night Miss Ada Reppert, the 16-year-old daughter of George Reppert, became the wife of Howard S. Peters. No happier bride than she had ever been seen in Lehigh county. Ada was apparently enjoying good health. Rev. J. S. Schindler, of Allentown, performed the marriage ceremony. Guests who were present remarked on the winsomeness of the girl, wife, and all wished her a long and joyful life. Early on Sunday morning Mrs. Peters became suddenly ill. Efforts of the family to relieve the suffering bride failed, and she died a few hours later, and just twelve hours after the wedding ceremony had taken place. So sudden was the fatal attack that a physician had not been summoned in time to be of any service. Ada was a good-looking girl, and her death coming so closely in the wake of her marriage has caused much sorrow to her friends.

MARRIED HIS AUNT.—Harry McLeod was yesterday in Baltimore granted an absolute divorce from his wife, Martha McLeod. The case is a peculiar one, inasmuch as the wife of the complainant is also his aunt, and they were married on July 20, 1891, against the law of the State, which does not permit such a marriage. They separated on December 6, 1893, and on November 14, 1894, McLeod filed a bill for divorce through Mr. A. P. Jump as counsel, alleging that he had been advised of the illegality of the marriage to Martha Jefferson, his mother's sister. The wife thereupon answered the bill, and withdrew the petition for divorce, stating that at the time of the marriage she was not aware that such a union was forbidden by law. McLeod lives at 111 east Hamburg street.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen of Alexandria, Va., held March 12th, 1895, there were present:

Wm. H. Marbury, eqq., President, and Messrs. Lindsey, Hinken, Goodrich, and Goodrich.

A communication from Henry Strauss, Mayor, announcing the resignation of Dr. W. R. Purvis, Health Officer, was received. Mr. Leadbeater, from the Committee on Public Property, presented a report recommending an appropriation of one hundred and fifty dollars for the repair of the roof of the Mayor's office, chimneys, &c., which was adopted by the following vote:

Ayes, Messrs. Lindsey, Hinken, Goodrich, Leadbeater and Mr. President—5. Noes, none.

Mr. Leadbeater also presented a report on the report of the inspectors of the city jail recommending an appropriation of one hundred and fifty dollars for suggested repairs except the removal of the coping of the wall of that institution, and it was adopted by the following vote:

Ayes, Messrs. Lindsey, Hinken, Goodrich, Leadbeater and Mr. President—5. Noes, none.

Mr. Goodrich introduced the following which was referred to the Committee on Streets:

Resolved, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby, directed to inquire into the feasibility of a probable cost of repaving Pitt street from the south side of King street to the south side of Prince street; also Prince street from the west side of Pitt street to the west side of St. Asaph street.

An ordinance providing for the testing of the validity of the 334 section of the city charter was received from the Common Council and laid over for want of a constitutional quorum to act on it.

The following were received from the Common Council and their action concurred in: An ordinance granting the Occoquan Wood-bridge Telephone Company the privilege of constructing and maintaining a telephone and to erect poles in the city of Alexandria; report of the Finance Committee recommending that T. S. Rouse be released from his lease of the city's property at the outlet lock of the Alexandria canal; a petition from D. W. Schofield for permission to erect a frame house on the east side of Fairfax street, between Duke and Wolfe streets.

A report of the Finance Committee recommending an appropriation of six hundred dollars for the maintenance of the city's share in the Occoquan Wood-bridge Telephone Company and their action concurred in by the following vote:

Ayes, Messrs. Lindsey, Hinken, Goodrich, Leadbeater and Mr. President—5. Noes, none.

The board then adjourned.

Teste: L. H. THOMPSON, Clerk.

COMMON COUNCIL.

At a regular meeting of the Common Council of the city of Alexandria, Va., held March 12th, 1895, there were present:

Hubert Snowden, eqq., President, and Messrs. Burke, Thompson, Kraft, Kaus, Harrison, Caton, Strider, Uhler, Evans, Fannon and McCuen.

An ordinance providing for the inspection of buildings and regulating the construction and repairing of buildings within the city limits, made the special order for this meeting, was read and adopted, amended and to be in force until the next meeting with instructions to the clerk to have it printed in the city papers.

During the consideration of the above ordinance, Mr. Kraft rose to a question of personal privilege and offered the following resolution which (a motion to lay on the table having been made) be subsequently withdrawn.

Be it resolved by the City Council, That Mr. D. W. Whiting be refused the privilege of his presence in the Council Chamber for having improperly interfered with the duties of members of this body.

The recommendation of the Finance Committee that \$600 be appropriated for the chain gang was adopted, as was also the report of the same committee that the petition of T. S. Rouse be granted, and that \$2,000 be paid to him for the rent up to April, 1895.

An ordinance granting the Occoquan-Wood-bridge Telephone Company certain privileges was referred to the Committee on Streets and General Laws.

An ordinance providing for testing the validity of the 334 section of the city charter was read three times and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, Messrs. Burke, Thompson, Kraft, Kaus, Harrison, Caton, Strider, Uhler, Evans, Fannon, McCuen and Mr. President—12. Noes, none.

The petition of D. W. Schofield for permission to erect a frame house on Fairfax street, between Duke and Wolfe streets, was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Teste: J. N. T. JOHNSON, Clerk.

ELGIN BUTTER.—Choice Elgin Creamery Butter received direct; for sale at 30c by J. C. MILBURN.

FRESH EGGS, 15c per dozen, at J. C. MILBURN'S.

By R. F. Knox, Auctioneer.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, rendered on the 30th day of January, 1895, in the chancery cause there depending under the style of Quincey A. Wheat vs. Annie W. Frazer, et al., the undersigned, special commissioner therein named, will offer for sale at public auction on

SATURDAY, the 13th day of April, 1895, at 12 o'clock m., in front of the premises, the following described real estate; to wit:

GROUND IN THE CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, situated on the west side of Fairfax street, between Duke and Wolfe streets, bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the west side of Fairfax street 3 feet from the north corner of the dwelling house of the late William Reynolds, and running thence northerly with Fairfax street twenty